

Steven M. Horwitz M.D.

Associate Attending

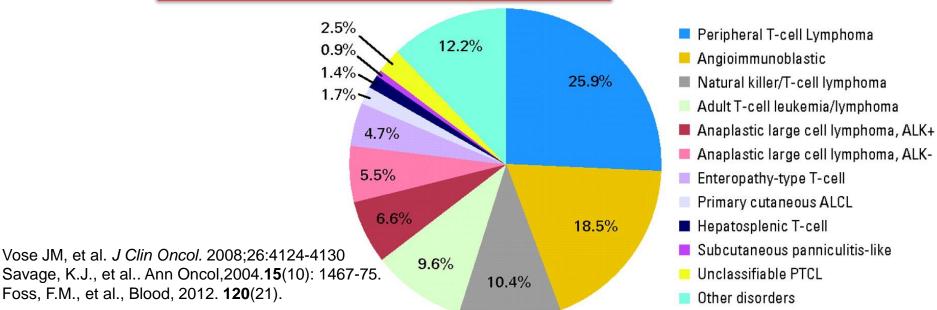
Lymphoma Service

Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center

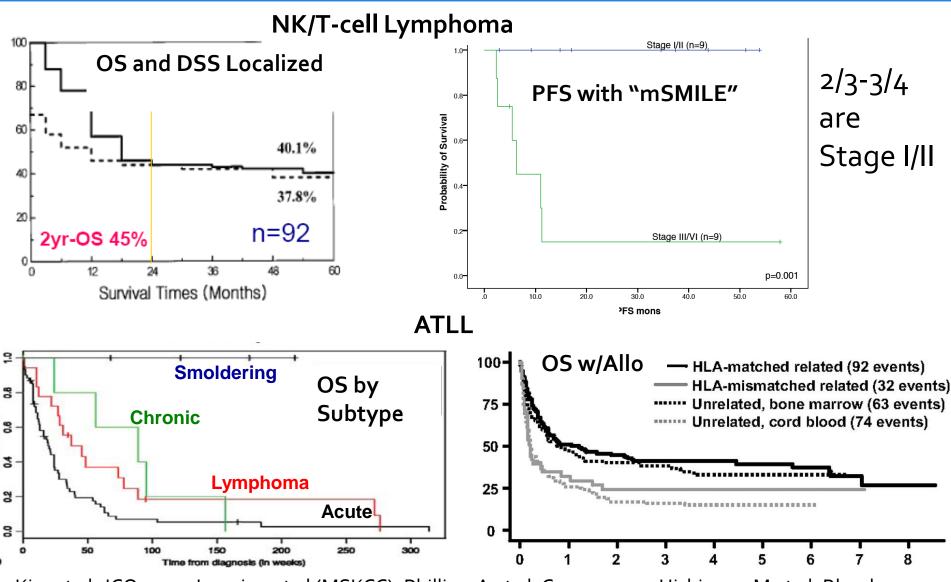
- Some...but not as many as we would like
- It depends
- On how you count
- And maybe, how hard you try?

# Proportion of Major T-cell Subtypes: North America

Registry	PTCL- NOS	AITL	ALCL, ALK +	ALCL, ALK -	NK/T	ATL	EATL
IPTCL (NA)	34%	16%	16%	8%	5%	2%	6%
BCCA	59%	5%	6%	9%	9%	NA*	5%
COMPLETE	34%	15%	11%	8%	6%	2%	3%

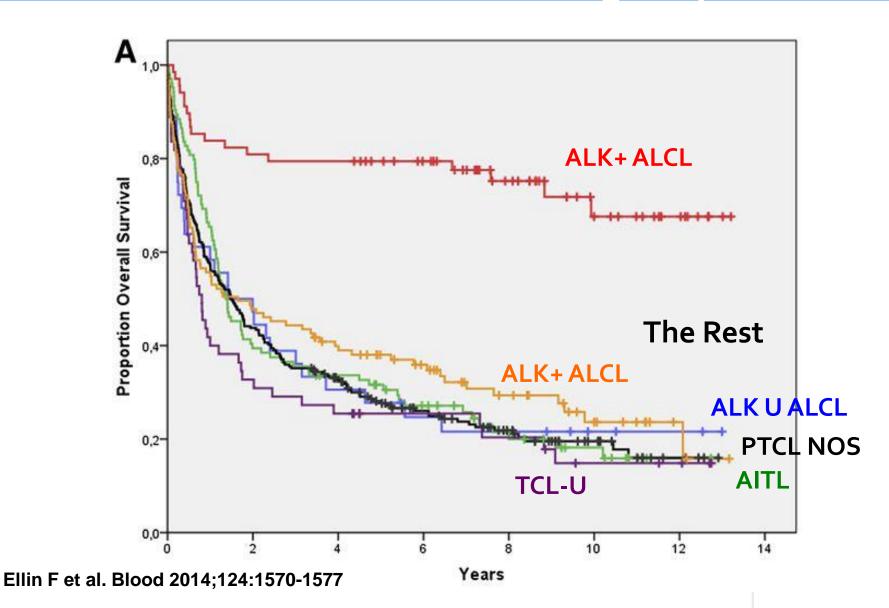


## "Less Common" Subtypes of TCL

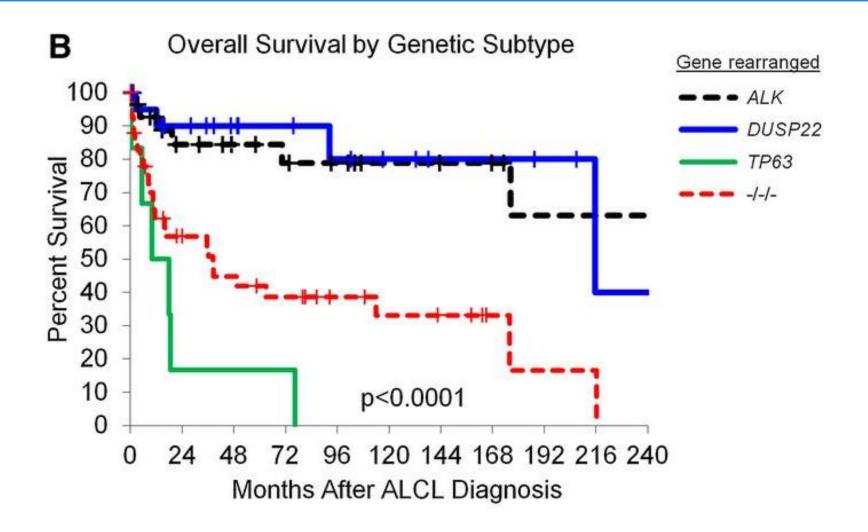


Kim et al, JCO 2000, Lunning et al (MSKCC), Phillips, A et al, Cancer 2010, Hishizawa M et al. Blood 2010

# TCL: Overall Survival Swedish National Registry



## ALCL OS based on genetic subtype



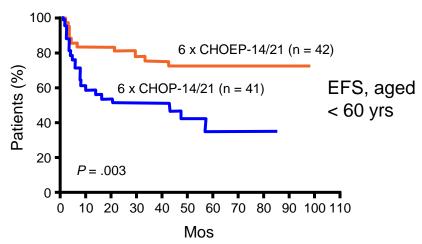
# PTCL: Outcomes by Subtype and IPI

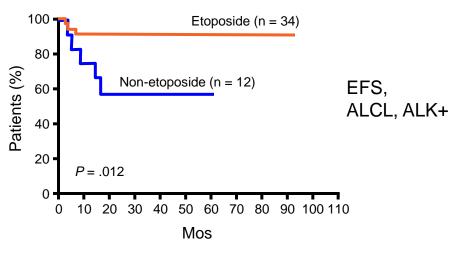
			5-year C	S by IPI
PTCL subtype	5-year OS*	5-year FFS*	0-1	4-5
PTCL-NOS				
IPTCL (1990-2002)	32%	20%	50%	11%
BCCA (1981-2000)	35%	29%	64%	22%
AITL				
IPTCL	32%	18%	56%	25%
BCCA	36%	13%	NR	NR
ALCL ALK-				
IPTCL	49%	36%	74%	13%
BCCA	34%	28%†	66%†	25%†
ALCL ALK+				
IPTCL	70%	60%	90%	33%
BCCA	58%	28%†	66%†	25%†

Savage et al Annals of Oncology 15: 1467–1475, 2004

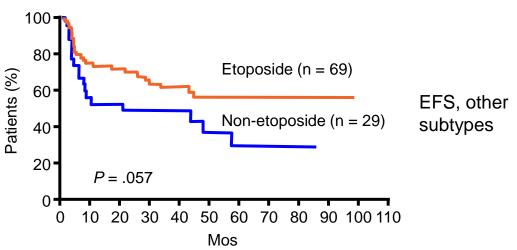
- For some subtypes many or most
  - Localized NK/T
  - ALK+ ALCL/ ALK- with DUSP22 rearranged?
- For some subtypes very few
  - ATLL
- For the most common subtypes
  - About 20-30% with CHOP

# Adding Etoposide to CHOP: German Prospective High-Grade NHL Studies



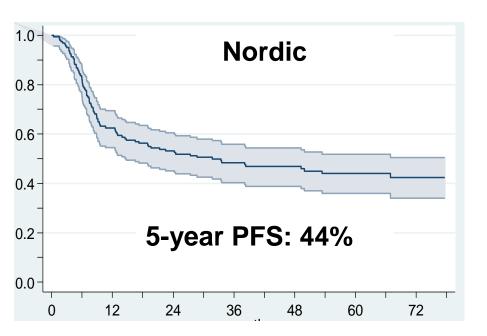


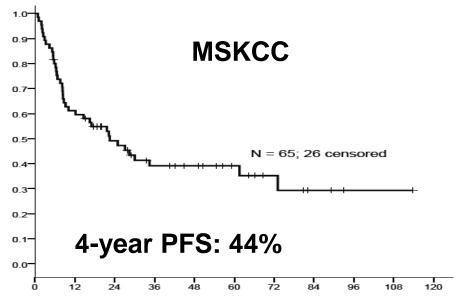
PTCL Subtype	n
ALCL, ALK+	78
ALCL, ALK-	113
PTCL-NOS	70
AITL	28
Other	31
Total	320



Schmitz N, et al. Blood. 2010;116:3418-3425.

# Autologous stem cell transplantation as firstline therapy in PTCL





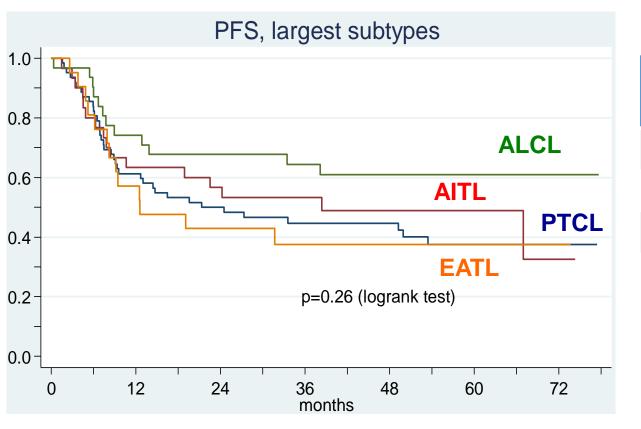
#### **Swedish Registry**

	Auto-SCT ITT (n = 128)	Non-auto-SCT (n = 124)
5 yr OS	48%	26%
5 yr PFS	41%	20%

- 1 D'Amore, et al. *J Clin Oncol.* 2012;30(25):3093-3099
- Mehta et al. CLLM 2013 Dec;13(6):664-70
- 3 Ellin F et al. Blood 2014;124:1570-1577

## **CHOEP-ASCT Nordic Lymphoma Group**



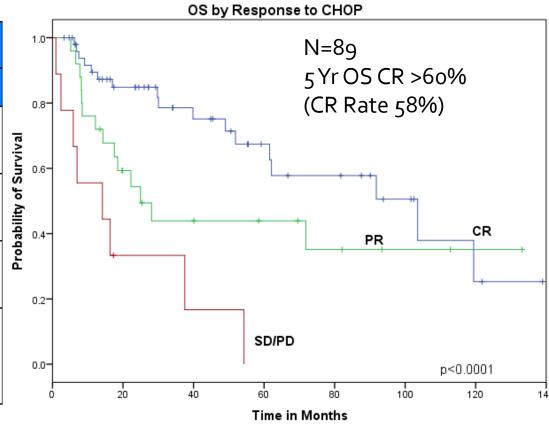


Subtype	5 yr PFS	5 yr OS
ALCL -	61	70
AITL	47	52
PTCL	38	49
EATL	38	48

# Survival: Intent to Transplant: By Response to CHOP/CHOEP

#### **PFS by Interim PET**

N=61	% EFS			
	2 yrs	3 yrs	5 yrs	
CR – IPI 0-2	78.9	66.2	66.2	
CR – IPI >2	52.7	52.7	52.7	
No CR IPI 0-2	32.3	21.5	21.5	
No CR - High IPI >2	26.7	10.0	10.0	



Mehta et al. Clin Leuk Lym 2013 Dec;13(6):664-70 Updated MSKCC 2015

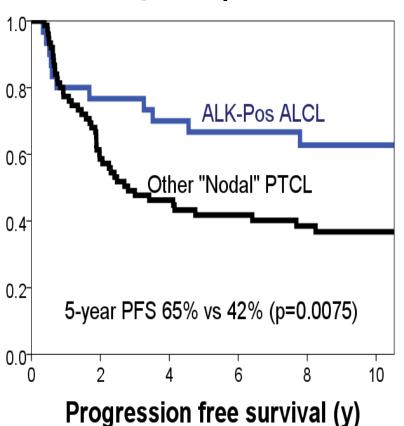
# BCCA CHOP for PTCL, Analysis of Subjects with CR

	BCCA	MSKCC
Clinical Features	N=75	N=65
Age > 60 Median Age (years)	56.5 (23-67)	58 (22-75)
Male sex	61%	65%
IPI Risk Group o-1 Low 2-3 4-5 High	20 (27%) 42 (56%) 13(17%)	11 (17%) 45 (69%) 9 (14%)

Lavoie et al. J Clin Oncol 32:5s, 2014 a8555 Mehta et al. Clin Leuk Lym 2013 Dec;13(6):664-70

# PFS According to Response





#### MSKCC, PFS by Interim PET

N=61	% EFS			
	2 yrs	3 yrs	5 yrs	
CR – IPI 0-2	78.9	66.2	66.2	
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Lavoie et al. J Clin Oncol 32:55, 2014 a8555 Mehta et al. Clin Leuk Lym 2013 Dec;13(6):664-70

# Prospective multicenter studies in PTCL CHOP vs CHOEP

	CHOP <sup>1</sup>	CHOEP <sup>2</sup>
N	83	118
PTCL	39%	39%
AITL	33%	19%
ALCL	16%	19%
IPI		
1	14%	28%
2	35%	32%
3	45%	19%
4-5	6%	21%
Med Age	47	57
ORR	79%	82%
CR	39%	51%

<sup>1)</sup>Reimer, P. et al et al. JCO vol 27, Jan 2009 2)D'Amore, et al. *J Clin Oncol.* 2012;30(25):3093-3099

- For the most common subtypes
  - About 20-30% with CHOP
  - Maybe 40+% with more aggressive strategies
  - As high as 60% in CR1 pts with consolidation

- For the most common subtypes
  - How many are "eligible" for aggressive approaches?

- MSKCC
  - Approximately 2/3 of newly dx PTCL treated with intent to consolidate with ASCT
  - CR Rate 58%
- Swedish Registry report
  - Subset analysis: age <70, the most common subtypes</li>
  - Approximately 50% treated with with intent to consolidate with ASCT
- More real world?

# Histologic subtype distribution



#### according to LOCAL/CENTRAL DIAGNOSIS\*

\* if review not possible or not yet done local diagnosis is reported

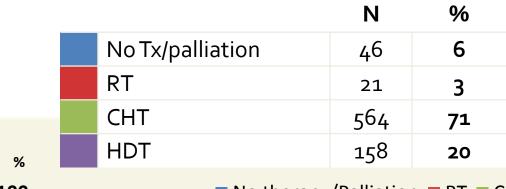
	N	%
PTCL-NOS	347	37
AITL	164	17
ALCL, ALK-	140	15
ALCL, ALK+	70	7
NKTCL	102	11
Enteropathy- type T-cell lymphoma	44	5
Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma	16	2
Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma	17	2
Peripheral gamma-delta T-cell lymphoma	10	1
Unclassifiable NK/T-cell	33	3

943

100

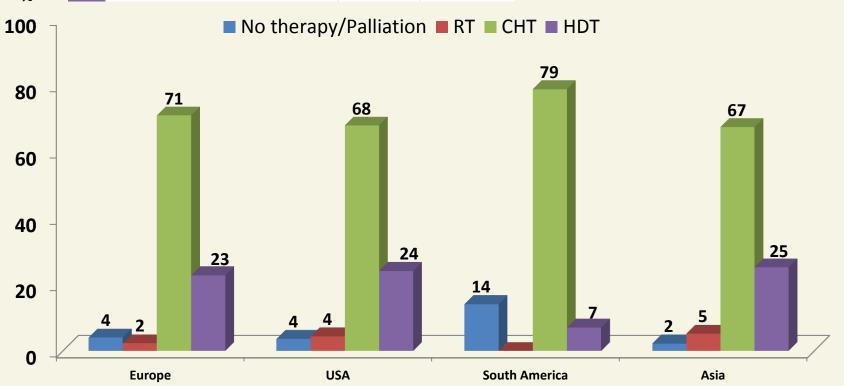
# Type of Therapy by Region





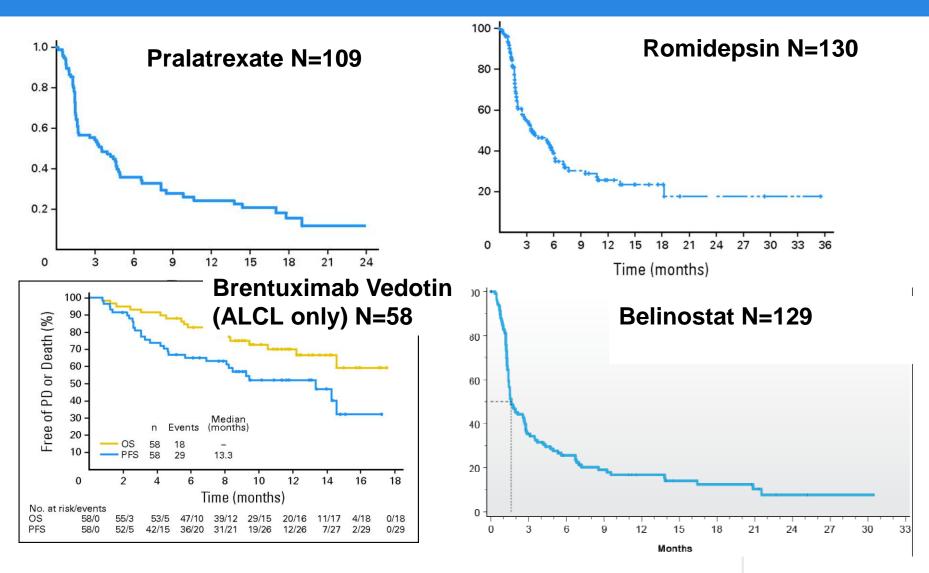
#### **★** Includes

- ALL subtypes
- Tx in CR1/PR1 + Relapse



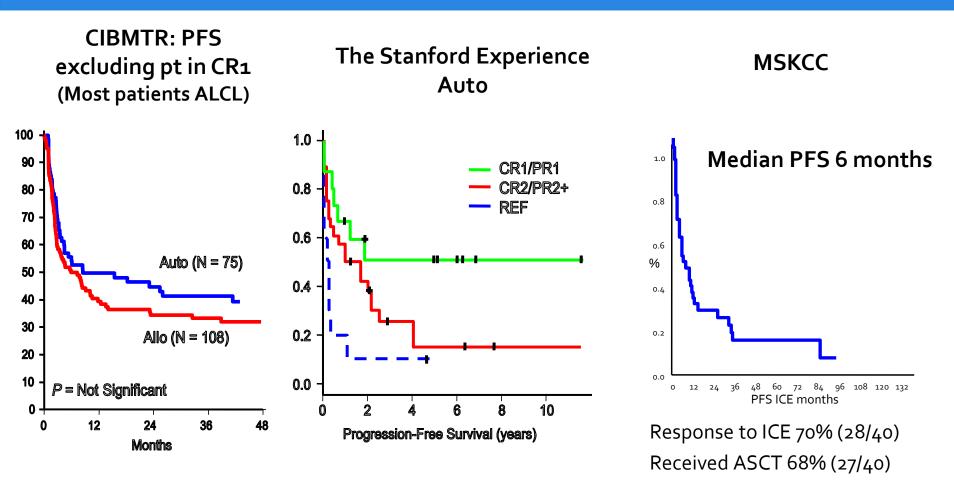
- For the most common subtypes
  - How many are "eligible" for aggressive approaches?
- In a motivated referral center->50%
- In the "real" world-maybe only 20% or less?
- Are patients cured at relapse?

#### Progression Free Survival: Relapsed/Refractory PTCL



O' Connor OA, et al. *J Clin Oncol*. 2011;29:1182-1189, Pro B et al. JCO 2012;30:2190-2196 Coiffier B, et al. *J Clin Oncol*. 2012;30:631-636, O'Connor OA et al ASCO 2013

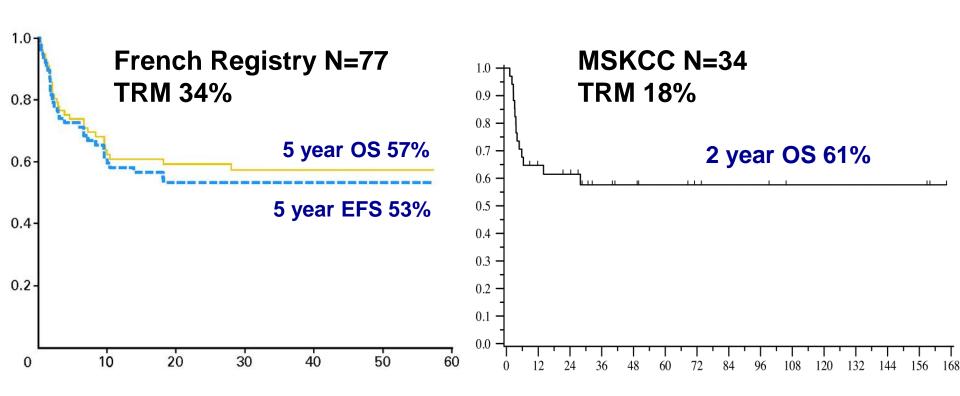
## **Autologous Transplantation in Relapsed PTCL**



 Benefits are unclear. Most single institution studies show low PFS rates while registry data suggests better outcomes

Smith S, et al. JCO September 1, 2013 vol. 31 no. 25 3100-3109 Chen AI, et al. *Biol Blood Marrow Transplant*. 2008;14(7):741-747. Horwitz et al, ASH Annual Meeting Abstracts 2005;106:2679.

## Retrospective Analyses of Allogeneic Stem-cell Transplantation for PTCL



Le Gouill, S. et al. J Clin Oncol; 26:2264-2271 2008 Goldberg J. et al. Leuk Lymphoma. 2012 Jan 31

- For some subtypes many or most
  - Localized NK/T
  - ALK+ ALCL, ?DUSP22 rearranged ALK-
- For some subtypes very few
  - ATLL
- For the most common subtypes
  - About 20-30% with CHOP
  - Maybe 40+% with more aggressive strategies
  - As many as 60% of those who achieve a CR?
- At Relapse
  - Some, but not too many